

PATIENT PACKAGE INSERT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PHARMACISTS' REGULATIONS (PREPARATIONS) - 1986

The medicine is dispensed with a doctor's prescription only

Topitrim 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg tablets

Each tablet contains: topiramate 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

For inactive ingredients and allergens: See section 2 "Important information about some of this medicine's ingredients" and section 6 "Additional information".

Read this leaflet carefully in its entirety before using the medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have further questions, refer to the doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed to treat you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems to you that their medical condition is similar. This medicine is not intended for infants and for children under 2 years of age and as a monotherapy in children under 7 years of age.

1. WHAT IS THE MEDICINE INTENDED FOR?

- This medicine is intended for:
- Treatment of seizures as combination therapy with other medicines in adults and children aged two years and above, or as monotherapy in adult patients and children aged 7 years and above.
- Prevention of migraines in adults. The medicine is not intended for pain relief during a migraine attack.

Therapeutic group: Antiepileptics

2. BEFORE USING THE MEDICINE

Do not use the medicine if:

- You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient or any of the additional ingredients contained in the medicine, listed in section 6.
- To prevent migraine if you are pregnant or think you are pregnant or if you are of child-bearing age and you do not use effective contraception.

Special warnings regarding use of the medicine:

- Do not use the medicine without consulting the doctor before commencing treatment if you have:**
- Kidney problems, especially kidney stones or if you are a patient undergoing dialysis.
- A history of problems related to blood and body fluids (metabolic acidosis).
- Liver problems.
- Eye problems (especially if you have glaucoma).
- Growth problems.
- If you are on a ketogenic diet (a low carbohydrate and high-fat diet).
- You are pregnant or of childbearing potential (see section "Pregnancy and breastfeeding" for further information).
- If any of the conditions above apply to you, speak with the doctor before using the medicine. It is important that you do not stop taking the medicine without first consulting the doctor.
- Do not take any other medicine containing topiramate, given to you as a substitute for this medicine, without first consulting the doctor.
- You may lose weight while taking Topitrim. Weigh yourself regularly during the course of treatment with Topitrim. If you lose a lot of weight or if a child taking Topitrim does not gain enough weight, consult the doctor.
- In a small number of patients treated with antiepileptics, such as Topitrim, suicidal thoughts or suicidal behavior have been reported. In case suicidal thoughts occur, refer to the doctor immediately!
- Topitrim can cause serious skin reactions. Tell your doctor immediately if you develop a skin rash and/or blisters.
- Topitrim may in rare cases cause high levels of ammonia in the blood (seen in blood tests) which may lead to a change in brain function, especially upon combined administration with valproic acid or sodium valproate. Since this may be a severe condition, contact your doctor if the following symptoms occur:
- difficulty thinking, remembering information, or solving problems
- feeling less alert/aware
- feeling of sleepiness and lack of energy

At higher doses of Topitrim, the risk of developing these symptoms may increase.

Children and adolescents:

The side effects in children are generally similar to those seen in adults. However, the side effects indicated in section "Side effects in children" may be more common in children than in adults.

Tests and follow up:

A pregnancy test should be performed before starting treatment with Topitrim.

Drug interactions:

If you are taking, or have recently taken, other medicines, including nonprescription medicines or nutritional supplements, tell the doctor or pharmacist. Topitrim and other medicines can affect each other. The doctor will consider whether the dose of Topitrim or your other medicines needs to be adjusted.

In particular, inform the doctor or pharmacist if you are taking:

- Other medicines that affect or decrease your level of thinking, concentration or muscle coordination (e.g., central nervous system depressants such as muscle relaxants and sedatives and hypnotics).
- Birth control pills. Topitrim may make your birth control pills less effective. Talk to your doctor about the method of contraception which is most suitable for use during treatment with Topitrim. Tell the doctor if you experience changes in your menstrual cycle while using contraception and Topitrim.
- Keep a list of all the medicines you take and show this list to your doctor or pharmacist before you start taking a new medicine.
- You should also discuss taking the following medicines with your doctor or pharmacist:
- Other antiepileptics.
- Risperidone (for treatment of schizophrenia).
- Lithium (for treatment of manic depression).
- Hydrochlorothiazide, propranolol, diltiazem (for treatment of heart problems and to lower blood pressure).
- Metformin, pioglitazone, glyburide, glibenclamide (for treatment of diabetes).
- Amitriptyline, venlafaxine (for treatment of depression).
- Flunarizine (to prevent migraines) and to treat vertigo).
- Hypericum perforatum (St. John's wort, a herbal medicine to treat depression).
- Warfarin (for blood thinning).

Use of the medicine and food:

Topitrim can be taken with or without food.

Be sure to drink plenty of fluids during the course of treatment (to reduce the risk of formation of kidney stones).

Use of the medicine and alcohol consumption:

Abstain from drinking alcohol during the course of treatment with the medicine.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding:

Migraine prevention

Topitrim may harm an unborn baby. You must not use Topitrim if you are pregnant. You must not use Topitrim for migraine prevention if you are a woman of childbearing potential unless you are using effective contraception. Talk to your doctor about the best methods of contraception for you and whether Topitrim is suitable for you. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by a doctor!

Treatment of epilepsy

If you are a woman of childbearing potential you should talk to your doctor about coordination, difficulty speaking or difficulty concentrating, double vision or blurred vision, feel depressed or nervous, dizziness due to low blood pressure, abdominal pain, seizures.

Overdose can occur when you take other medicines together with Topitrim. If you **forget to take this medicine** at the required time, take a dose as soon as you remember, but if you remember close to the time for taking the next dose, skip the forgotten dose and continue as usual. Never take two doses together!

If you forgot two or more doses, contact the doctor.

Adhere to the treatment regimen recommended by the doctor.

Even if there is an improvement in your health, do not stop treatment without consulting the doctor, as symptoms may return. If the doctor decides to discontinue treatment, the dosage will be gradually lowered over several days.

(hypospadias). These defects may develop early in pregnancy, sometimes

before pregnancy is detected.

- If you take Topitrim during pregnancy, your baby may be smaller than expected at birth. Talk to your doctor if you have questions about this risk during pregnancy.

- There may be other medicines to treat your condition that have a lower risk of birth defects.
- Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking Topitrim.

You and your doctor should decide whether you will continue to take Topitrim during pregnancy.

Breastfeeding

The active substance in Topitrim (topiramate) passes into breast milk. Effects have been observed in breastfed babies of mothers treated with topiramate, including diarrhea, sleepiness, irritability, and poor weight gain. Therefore, your doctor will discuss with you whether you should abstain from breastfeeding or abstain from treatment with Topitrim. The doctor will consider the importance of the medicine to the mother against the risk for the baby.

Mothers who breastfeed while taking Topitrim must tell the doctor immediately if the baby experiences any unusual effect.

Driving and operating machinery:

Use of the medicine may cause dizziness, tiredness and vision problems. Do not drive or operate dangerous machines before first talking with the doctor.

Important information about some of the ingredients in the medicine:

Topitrim tablets contain lactose.

If you suffer from an intolerance to certain sugars, consult the doctor before using the medicine.

Topitrim tablets contain less than 1 millimole sodium (23 mg) per tablet, which is actually considered as "sodium free".

3. HOW SHOULD THE MEDICINE BE USED?

Always use the medicine according to the doctor's instructions. Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about your dose or about how to use this medicine. The dosage and treatment regimen will be determined by the doctor only.

The doctor will usually start with a low dosage of Topitrim and will gradually increase the dosage until the dosage suitable for you is found.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

Swallow Topitrim tablets whole.

In the absence of a score line, do not halve the tablet. There is no information regarding crushing/chewing the tablet. Crushed or chewed tablet may leave a bitter taste.

Topitrim can be taken before, with or after food.

Be sure to drink a lot during the course of treatment to prevent formation of kidney stones during the treatment.

If you accidentally took a higher dosage

If you took an overdose, or if a child has accidentally swallowed the medicine, refer immediately to a hospital emergency room and bring the package of the medicine with you. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by a doctor!

If you took an overdose, you may feel sleepy, tired or less alert, experience lack of coordination, difficulty speaking or difficulty concentrating, double vision or blurred vision, feel depressed or nervous, dizziness due to low blood pressure, abdominal pain, seizures.

Overdose can occur when you take other medicines together with Topitrim. If you **forget to take this medicine** at the required time, take a dose as soon as you remember, but if you remember close to the time for taking the next dose, skip the forgotten dose and continue as usual. Never take two doses together!

If you forgot two or more doses, contact the doctor.

Adhere to the treatment regimen recommended by the doctor.

Even if there is an improvement in your health, do not stop treatment without consulting the doctor, as symptoms may return. If the doctor decides to discontinue treatment, the dosage will be gradually lowered over several days.

(hypospadias). These defects may develop early in pregnancy, sometimes

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and the dose each time you take medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

If you have further questions regarding use of the medicine, consult the doctor or pharmacist.

4. SIDE EFFECTS

As with any medicine, use of Topitrim may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed by the list of side effects. You may not suffer from any of them.

Refer to the doctor immediately if you notice any of the following effects: Very common side effects - effects that occur in more than one in ten users:

Common side effects - effects that occur in 1-10 in 100 users:

- Seizures
- Anxiety, nervousness, mood changes, confusion, disorientation
- Concentration disturbances, slowed thinking, loss of memory, memory problems (new onset, sudden change or deterioration)
- Kidney stones, frequent or painful urination.

Uncommon side effects - effects that occur in 1-10 in 1000 users:

- Increased acid level in the blood (may cause breathing problems including shortness of breath, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, excessive tiredness and fast or uneven heartbeats)
- decreased or termination of sweating (especially in young children exposed to high temperatures)
- thoughts and attempts of serious self-harm
- loss of part of the field of vision.

Rare side effects - effects that occur in 1-10 in 10,000 users:

- Glaucoma (blockage of fluid in the eye, causing intraocular pressure, pain or decreased vision)
- Difficulty thinking, remembering information, or solving problems, lack of alertness or awareness, feeling very sleepy with lack of energy – these symptoms may be a sign of a high level of ammonia in the blood (hyperammonemia), which may lead to a change in brain function (hyperammonemic encephalopathy)
- Serious skin reactions, such as Stevens-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis - these may appear as a rash with or without blisters, skin irritation, sores and swelling in the area of the mouth, throat, nose, eyes and in the area of the genitals. The skin rash may develop into serious widespread skin damage (peeling of the outer layer of the skin and superficial mucous membranes) with life-threatening consequences.

Other side effects whose frequency is not known (not established yet):

- Inflammation of the eye uvea (uveitis) with symptoms such as eye redness, pain, sensitivity to light, runny eyes, seeing small dots or getting blurred vision.
- Sexual dysfunction, difficulty getting or keeping an erection
- Flu-like illness
- Cold sensation in the fingers and toes
- Feeling drunk
- Learning disabilities

Other side effects, of which the doctor should be informed if they worsen:

Very common side effects – effects which occur in more than one in ten users:

- Nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat
- Tingling, pain and/or numbness of various body parts
- Tiredness or sleepiness
- Dizziness
- Nausea
- Weight loss

Common side effects - effects that occur in 1-10 in 100 users:

- Anemia (low blood count)
- Allergic reaction (such as skin rash, redness, itching, facial swelling, hives)
- Decreased appetite or loss of appetite
- Aggression, anxiety, anger, abnormal behavior
- Difficulty falling or staying asleep
- Problems with speech, speech disorder, slurred speech
- Clumsiness or lack of coordination, feeling of unsteadiness when walking
- Decreased ability to complete routine tasks
- Decrease/loss/absence of sense of taste
- Involuntary trembling
- Rapid, uncontrollable movements of the eyes
- Vision disturbances, such as double vision, blurred vision, decreased vision, difficulty focusing
- Sensation of spinning (vertigo), ringing in the ears, ear pain
- Shortness of breath
- Cough
- Nose bleed
- Fever
- Weakness
- General unwell feeling
- Vomiting
- Constipation
- Abdominal pain or discomfort in the stomach
- Indigestion
- Stomach or intestinal infection

- Dry mouth
- Hair loss
- Itching
- Joint pain or swelling
- Muscle cramps or muscle spasms, muscle aches or weakness
- Chest pain
- Weight gain

Uncommon side effects - effects that occur in 1-10 in 1000 users:

- Abnormal blood count, including decrease in number of white blood cells (that assist in protection from infections) or platelets (blood cells that assist in stopping bleeding) or an increase in the number of eosinophils (a type of white blood cells)
- Low potassium levels in the blood
- Increase in liver enzyme levels
- Swollen glands in the neck, armpit or groin
- Increased appetite
- Elevated mood
- Hearing, seeing or feeling things that are not there, severe mental disorder (psychosis)

Other side effects that may occur in children are:

Common side effects - occur in 1-10 in 100 users:

Uncommon side effects - occur in 1-10 in 1000 users:

- Increased level of eosinophils (a type of white blood cell) in the blood
- Hyperactivity
- Feeling warm
- Learning disabilities

If a side effect occurs, if one of the side effects worsens or if you suffer from side effects not mentioned in the leaflet, consult the doctor.

Side effects can be reported to the Ministry of Health by clicking on the link "Report Side Effects of Drug Treatment" found on the Ministry of Health homepage (www.health.gov.il), that directs you to the online form for reporting side effects, or by using the following link: <https://sideeffects.health.gov.il>.

In addition, you can also report to the following email: safety@trima.co.il

5. HOW SHOULD THE MEDICINE BE STORED?

- Prevent poisoning! This medicine, and any other medicine, should be kept in a closed place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants in order to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by the doctor.
- Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) that appears on the package/blister. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Storage conditions

- Store in a dry place below 25°C.

6. FURTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the active ingredients, the medicine also contains the following inactive ingredients:

- Lactose monohydrate, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch, sodium starch glycolate, magnesium stearate, hypromellose, titanium dioxide, polyethylene glycol.
- Topitrim 25 mg contains 17 mg lactose and 0.1 mg sodium.
- Topitrim 50 mg contains 34 mg lactose and 0.2 mg sodium.
- Topitrim 100 mg contains 68 mg lactose and 0.4 mg sodium.
- Topitrim 200 mg contains 136 mg lactose and 0.8 mg sodium.

كيف يبدو الدواء وما محتوى العلبة؟

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تويپتريم 200 ملغ: قرص مطلي، مطوّل، لونه أبيض — أبيض مائل إلى الصفرة (off white).

الأقراص معبأة في عبوات بليسترات. تحتوي كل عبوة على 60 قرصاً.

المنتج وصاحب التسجيل:

تريما، منتجات طبية إسرائيلية معبّوتة م.ض، معبّوتة 4023000. إسرائيل.

تم تحريرها في نيسان 2021 وفق تعليمات وزارة الصحة.

أرقام تسجيل الأدوية في سجل الأدوية الحكومي في وزارة الصحة:

تويپتريم 25 ملغ 136.63.31514.00
تويپتريم 50 ملغ 136.64.31515.00
تويپتريم 100 ملغ 136.65.31516.00
تويپتريم 200 ملغ 136.66.31517.00

أعراض جانبية، شويوعها غير معروف (لم يُحدّد بعد):

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تدنّي في الرؤية — يجب مراجعة الطبيب

أعراض جانبية لدى الأطفال

الأعراض الجانبية لدى الأطفال تشبه بصورة عامة تلك الموجودة لدى الكبار. لكن الأعراض الجانبية التالية قد تكون شائعة أكثر لدى الأطفال مما هو عليه لدى الكبار: صعوبات التركيز • ارتفاع نسبة الموضوعة في الدم • أفكار عن إلحاق الأذى الذاتي بشكل خطير • إرقاع • انخفاض أو زيادة الشهية للطعام • عدوانية، تصرف غير اعتيادي • صعوبة في الخلود للنوم • الشعور بعدم ثبات خلال المشي • شعور غير جيد • انخفاض نسب البوتاسيوم في الدم • عدم الإحساس بالوظائف أو عدم إظهارها

Side effects in children
The side effects in children are generally similar to those seen in adults. However,

the following side effects may be more common in children than in adults:

- Concentration problems
- Increased acid level in the blood
- Thoughts of serious self-harm
- Tiredness
- Decreased or increased appetite
- Aggression, abnormal behavior
- Difficulty falling or staying asleep
- Feeling of unsteadiness when walking
- Not feeling well
- Decrease in potassium levels in the blood
- Displaying lack of emotion or not feeling emotions
- Watery eyes
- Slow or irregular heartbeat

Other side effects that may occur in children are:

Common side effects - occur in 1-10 in 100 users:

Uncommon side effects - occur in 1-10 in 1000 users:

- Increased level of eosinophils (a type of white blood cell) in the blood
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